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Portland, Oregon.

or to Dr. Calvin S. White, Oregon State Board of Health, Report any offenses either to the nearest Forest Ranger

he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor * * * in any spring, brook, or branch of running water, putrid, nauseous, decaying, deleterious substance If any person shall put any excrement, or any

Section 2131 of the laws of Oregon says:

or is likely to cause pollution of the said streams, lakes, ing upon National Forests, any substance which pollutes or in the streams, lakes, or other waters within or borderof any description, or depositing on National Forest lands, condition on National Forest lands camp refuse or debris prohibit baving or leaving in an exposed or insanitary Regulations of the U. S. Department of Agriculture

Requires it.

Ordinary Care will Prevent Them. The Law

Pollution of Streams. or Enteric Disorders from the Forest Kangers Contract Typhoid Fever Each Year Hunters, Campers, Tourists, and

MEIL AS PREVEUTION OF FIRES. YOU ARE INTERESTED IN PUBLIC HEALTH AS

ciations, or private owners who are patrolling in the ing the National Forest force, with local Forest Fire Assofor during the dry season. This can best be done by joinone-half miles of their holdings must provide patrol there. 8. All timberland owners not residing within one and

leading to the arrest and conviction of any one violating wardens employed by State, who furnishes information 7. One half of fine will be paid to any one, except fire

of all expenses incurred in fighting fires caused in viola-6. Persons or corporations are liable for the full amount

those responsible to the extent of double the amount of gence, damages may be recovered in civil action against 5. If fire occurs through willfulness, malice, or negli-4. Willful destruction of any posted fire notice.

8. Setting of fire unlawfully with intent to injure prop-

to extinguish it. allowing it to escape without using every possible effort dently setting fire on land of your own or of another and gently allowing fire to escape from your own land; acciwithout permission from the owner; willfully or negli-2. Setting or eausing fire to be set on land of another

without care to confine the fire. land, between June I and October I without a permit and 1. Burning of slashings, choppings, woodlands, or brush-

HELP ENFORCE THEM.

STATE FIRE LAW. PROHIBITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF THE OREGON

violation of the Federal fire laws affecting public for information leading to conviction for any The Secretary of Agriculture offers a reward

both, if fire results from carelessness \$1,000, or imprisonment for one year, or

or both, if a fire is set maliciously, \$5,000, or imprisonment for two years

gress May 5, 1910, are punishable by a maximum fine of Offences against the Federal fire laws, passed by Con-The law requires these precautions.

even for a short time. 5. Extinguish all fires completely before leaving them,

4. Do not build larger camp fires than are necessary. leaves and decayed vegetation, Build them on mineral soil by first scraping away the against trees, stumps, or logs, or in any vegetable matter.

3. Avoid the unlawful practice of building camp fires throw them into water. lighted cigarettes and cigar stubs in mineral soil, or else

2. Do not toss away burning matches or tobacco. Bury prevents them. 1. Remember that carelessness causes fres; precaution

HOM XOU CAN HELP.

over 80 per cent of the loss. All the owner loses is the On every thousand feet burned or wasted the people bear labor and supplies in the State in which the timber grew money received from the lumber industry goes to pay for income derived from its manufacture. Almost all of the if you don't own a stick of timber you are interested in the This injury is as widespread as it is unnecessary. Even

amounting to \$40,000,000, is destroyed annually that would yield, at the same rate, a revenue munity of \$125,000,000. In this same region timber At present it produces each year a revenue to the comwill long be, the biggest industry on the Pacific Coast. The lumber industry is, and, if the timber is protected,

> INDOSLEX. YOU ARE INTERESTED IN THE LUMBER

many industries would be destroyed, and all citizens and professional men. If the timber were burned up shared alike by laborers, farmers, merchants, artisans, to development on the Pacific Coast. Its revenues are The timber industry has been the main contributor

DESTROYED.

WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF THE FORESTS WERE

you are interested.

Ranget for information about any kind of use in which the same terms to all. Do not hesitate to ask the Forest mining laws. Timber is sold and grazing permitted on development other than those imposed by the general and there are no restrictions whatever upon mineral vey an exclusive benefit to individuals is a charge made, mining in the Forest are free. Only for uses which con-Camping, hunting, fishing, trapping, prospecting, and

to local stockmen continued use of the forage crop. also protect the range against overgrazing, while assuring home industries and prevent timber monopoly. They timber supply and a regulated streamflow. They support Their primary purpose is to provide a self-renewing

rights to all. the community or conflict with the principle of equal use and occupancy which does not reduce their value to the benefit of the public. They are open to every kind of All National Forests are public property, maintained for

USE AND FOR PUBLIC RECREATION. THE NATIONAL FORESTS ARE OPEN FOR PUBLIC

PARTIAL ABSTRACT OF OREGON GAME LAWS, 1913.

DISTRICT No. 1.

Comprising all counties west of the Cascade Mountains. The following open seasons—all dates inclusive.

Buck deer, August 1 to October 31. Silver gray squirrels, October 1 to October 31

Ducks, geese, rails, coots, and shore birds, November 1 to February 15, except in Multnomah, Clatsop, Columbia, Tillamook, and Coos counties, September 15 to December 31. Additional open season on geese in Clatsop County, March 1 to April 30.

Male Chinese pheasants, quail, and grouse, October 1 to October 31, except that there is no open season on Chinese pheasants in Jackson, Josephine, Coos, and Curry counties. Doves and wild pigeons, open season from September 1 to October 31.

DISTRICT No. 2.

Open season in all counties of the Cascade Mountains.

Buck deer, August 1 to October 31. Ducks, geese, rails, coots, and shore birds, September 15 to February 15, except in Harney, Malheur, Lake, and Grant counties, September 15 to March 15, and in Baker County, September 15 to April 1.

Sage hens, August 1 to August 31.

Grouse, quail, and doves, September 1 to October 31. No open season on silver gray squirrels or Chinese pheasants in District No. 2.

BAG LIMITS.

Pheasants and grouse, 5 in one day or 10 in any one week.

Doves and wild pigeons, 10 in one day or 30 in one week.

Ducks, geese, rails, coots, and shore birds, 30 in any one

Quail, 10 in any one day or 20 in one week. Silver gray squirrels, 5 in any one week. Deer, males only, 3 during any open season.

PARTIAL ABSTRACT OF FISH LAWS.

Open season for trout over 6 inches, April 1 to October 31. Bag limit 75 fish or 50 pounds in any one day. Open season for trout over 10 inches. all year. Bag

limit 50 trout or 50 pounds in one day. Open season, hook and line only, bass, crappies. Williamson's white fish, cat fish, and gralings, all year. Bag limit 40 pounds in one day.

IT IS ALWAYS UNLAWFUL

To kill mountain sheep, antelope, elk, beaver, female deer, spotted fawn, female Chinese pheasants, silver pheasants, golden pheasants, Reeves pheasants, English partridge, Hungarian partridge, Franklin grouse or fool hen, prairie chicken, bob white quail, swan, wild turkey, least sandpiper, western sandpiper, solitary sandpiper, semipalmated plover, snowy plover, and all other birds of any kind, except those on which there is an open season and the following which are not protected at any time: Duck hawk, sharp-shinned hawk, prairie falcon, goshawk, English sparrow, great horned owl, northern shrike, cormorants, American merganser, crows, ravens, magpies, and blue jays.

To rob any birds nests, except those of birds not protected by law.

To hunt without having hunting or angling license on person, or to refuse to show same on demand of proper officer or the owner or representative of real property on which you may be hunting.

PENALTIES.

Any person killing any mountain sheep, mountain goat, antelope, elk, moose, or caribou, may be fined from \$200 to \$1,000, and imprisoned for not less than 60 days nor

Unless otherwise provided, violations of other sections carry penalties of not less than \$25 nor more than \$500 and costs, or by imprisonment for not less than 30 days

Besides fines, any one violating game laws will be subject to a civil liability ranging from \$5 for each game bird to \$300 for elk and mountain sheep; shall forfeit all guns, dogs, boats, traps, fishing apparatus, and implements used in violation of laws, and shall forfeit his hunting license for the balance of the calendar year in which the crime

NOTICE.

It will be appreciated if violations are reported

more than 6 months.

nor more than 6 months.

was committed.

to WILLIAM L. FINLEY, State Game Warden, 808 Yeon Building, Portland, Oregon, or any deputy game warden. All communications will be treated as strictly confidential. Your name will not be brought into any case without your permission. Copies of game laws sent free on

The Oregon National Forest lies in the northern portion of the Cascade Mountains in Oregon, extending from the Columbia River southward to the divide between the Clackamas and Santiam rivers. The timber in this region was formerly unbroken to an elevation of about 7,000 feet on Mt. Hood and some lesser peaks, but now only about two-thirds of the Forest remains undestroyed by fire.

> The western slopes of this Forest are drained by the Sandy and Clackamas rivers. The city of Portland obtains its water supply from the Bull Run River, a branch of the Sandy River. The watershed of the Bull Run River is closed to the public by Act of Congress; all other parts of the Forest are open to the public.

OREGON NATIONAL FOREST.

Among the roads on the Oregon National Forest is the historic Barlow Toll Road, which was built before 1850 and which was the old emigrant route across the Cascade Mountains into the Willamette Valley. There are in all, 135 miles of wagon road and over 500 miles of trail which make accessible the fishing and hunting, mineral springs, camping places, scenic and other recreation features.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION, OREGON. POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES 1910, 1900, AND 1890.

City and County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Adams, Umatilla	205	263	
Albany, Linn	4, 275	3, 149	3,079
Amity, Yamhill	407	292	
Antelope, Wasco	175	249	
Arlington, Gilliam	317	388	356
Ashland, Jackson	5, 020	2, 634	1,784
Ashwood, Crook	26	ž	
Astoria, Clatsop	9, 599	8, 381	6, 184
Athena, Umatilla	586	703	495
Aurora, Marion	190	122	
Austin, Grant	144		
Baker, Baker	6, 742	6, 663	2,604
Bandon, Coos	1,803	645	219
Barlow, Clackamas	69		
Bay City, Tillamook	281	203	
Beaver Hill, Coos	149	119	
Beaverton, Washington	386	249	
Bend City, Crook	536		V
Bourne, Baker	77		
Brownsville, Linn	919	698	580
Burns, Harney	904	547	264
Butteville, Marion	49		
Canby, Clackamas	587	372	
Canyon City, Grant	364	345	304
Canyonville, Douglas	149		
Carlton, Yamhill	386	145	
Central Point, Jackson	761	322	534
Clatskanie, Columbia	747	311	212
Cline Falls, Crook	30		
Coburg, Lane	613		
Condon, Gilliam	1,009	230	

City and County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Copperfield, Baker	250		
Coquille, Coos	1,398	728	494
Cornelius, Washington	_ 459	246	
Corvallis, Benton	_ 4,552	1,819	1, 527
Cottage Grove, Lane	1,834	974	
Cove, Union	_ 433		
Creswell, Lane	367	*******	
Dallas, Polk	2, 124	1, 271	848
Dayton, Yamhill	453	293	304
Deschutes, Crook	_ 64		
Drain, Douglas	335	193	
Drewsey, Harney	82		
Dufur, Wasco	523	336	
Dundee, Yambill	196	124	
Eastside, Coos	252		
Echo, Umatilla	_ 400		
Elgin, Union	_ 1, 120	603	227
Empire, Coos		185	252
Enterprise, Wallowa	_ 1,242	396	242
Estacada, Clackamas	_ 405		
Eugene, Lane	_ 9,009	3, 236	
Fairview, Multnomah	204		
Falls City, Polk	_ 969	269	
Florence, Lane	311	222	
Forest Grove, Washington	_ 1,772	1,096	668
Fossil, Wheeler	_ 421	288	153
Freewater, Umatilla	_ 532		
Gardiner, Douglas	_ 391	286	229
Gervais, Marion	_ 276	224	
Glendale, Douglas	_ 646		
Gold Hill, Jackson	_ 423	385	
Granite, Grant	_ 89	245	
Grants Pass, Josephine	_ 3,897	2, 290	1, 432
Grass Valley, Sherman	_ 342		
Greenhorn, Baker	_ 28		
Gresham, Multnomah	_ 540		

City and County.	1910.	1900.	1890.
Haines, Baker			
Halfway, Baker			
Halsey, Linn		294	270
Harney, Harney		82	240
Harrisburg, Linn		502	413
Helix, Umatilla			
Heppner, Morrow		1, 146	675
Hermiston, Umatilla			
Hillsboro, Washington	2,016	980	
Hood River, Hood River	2, 331	766	201
Houlton, Columbia	347		
Hubbard, Marion	283	213	117
Huntington, Baker	630	821	321
Independence, Polk	1, 160	909	
Ione, Morrow	239	223	
Island City, Union			
Jacksonville, Jackson	785	653	743
Jefferson, Marion	415	273	307
John Day, Grant	258	282	211
Joseph, Wallowa		237	249
Junction City, Lane	759	506	
Klamath Falls, Klamath	2, 758	447	364
La Grande, Union	4,843	2, 991	2, 583
Lafayette, Yamhill		359	365
Laidlaw. Crook			
Lakeview, Lake		761	
Lebanon, Linn		922	829
Lexington, Morrow	185		
Lonerock, Gilliam			
Long Creek, Grant		123	60
Lostine, Wallowa		1,00	
Lytle, Crook			
McMinnville, Yamhill		1, 420	1, 368
Madras, Crook	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1, 100	1,000
Marshfield, Coos		1, 391	1, 461
Medford, Jackson		mg 00 L	my more
mediora, Jackson		1,791	967

City and County.	1910.	1900.	1890
Milwaukie, Clackamas	860		
Mitchell, Wheeler	210	135	
Monmouth, Polk	493	606	
Monument, Grant	119		
Moro, Sherman	378	335	
Mount Angel, Marion	545	537	
Myrtle Creek, Douglas	429	189	
Myrtle Point, Coos	836	530	354
Nehalem, Tillamook	119	59	
New Astoria, Clatsop	957		
Newberg, Yamhill	2, 260	945	514
Newport, Lincoln	721	256	12:
North Bend, Coos	2,078		
North Powder, Union	455		
Ńyssa, Malheur	449		
Oakland, Douglas	467	368	339
Ontario, Malheur	1, 248	445	
Oregon City, Clackamas	4, 287	3, 494	3, 065
Pendleton, Umatilla	4, 460	4, 406	2, 50
Philomath, Benton	505	343	
Phoenix, Jackson	250		
Pilot Rock, Umatilla	197		
Portland, Multnomah		90, 426	46, 38
Prairie City, Grant	348	213	229
Prineville. Crook	1,042	656	46
Rainier, Columbia	1, 359	522	23
Richland, Baker			
Riddle, Douglas	187	131	
Roseburg, Douglas	4. 738	1,690	1, 47
St. Helens, Columbia	742	258	22
St. Johns, Multnomah	4, 872	200	
St. Paul, Marion	103		
Salem, Marion		4, 258	
Scio, Linn	295	346	25
	DEN	0.10	201
Seaside Clatson	1 191	101	
Seaside, ClatsopShaniko, Wasco	1, 121 495	191	

City and County.	1910.	1900.	1890
Sherwood, Washington	115	111	
Silverton, Marion	1, 588	656	511
Sodaville, Linn	110	178	66
Springfield Lane	1,838	353	371
Stanfield, Umatilla	318		
Stayton, Marion	703	324	381
Sublimity, Marion	138		
Summerville, Union	237	184	280
Sumpter, Baker	643		
Sweet Home, Linn	202		
The Dalles. Wasco	4, 880	3, 542	3, 029
Tillamook, Tillamook	1, 352	834	
Toledo, Lincoln	541	302	
Troutdale, Multnomah			
Turner, Marion	191		
Umatilla, Umatilla	198		
Union, Union	1, 483	937	604
Vale, Malheur	396	127	131
Veronia, Columbia	69	62	
Wallowa, Wallowa		243	
Warrenton, Clatsop	339		
Wasco, Sherman	386	322	
Waterloo, Linn	83	59	
West Seaside, Clatsop			
Westfall, Malheur	140		
Weston, Umatilla		626	568
Whitney, Baker			
Willamette, Clackamas			
Willamina, Yamhill			
Woodburn, Marion	1,616	828	405
Yamhill, Yamhill		254	
Yoncalla, Douglass			
STATE OF	OREGON.		

1910 1900 1890 Total population 673, 775 413, 536 317,704

